## Chapter (3) : Vectors



## Question ( $1-5-19-31-33-35$ ) page ( $71-72-73$ )

## Section 3.1 Coordinate Systems

1- The polar coordinates of a point are $r=5.50 \mathrm{~m}$ and $\theta=240^{\circ}$. What are the Cartesian coordinates of this point?

2- If the rectangular coordinates of a point are given by $(2, y)$ and its polar coordinates are $\left(r, 30^{\circ}\right)$, determine $y$ and $r$.

## Section 3.4 Components of a Vector and Unit Vectors

3- A vector has an $x$ component of (-25.0) units and a $y$ component of 40.0 units. Find the magnitude and direction of this vector

4- Consider the two vectors $\mathbf{A}=3^{\wedge} \mathbf{i}-2^{\wedge} \mathbf{j}$ and $\mathbf{B}=-\mathbf{i} \mathbf{i}-4 \hat{\mathbf{j}}$. Calculate
(a) $\mathbf{A}+\mathbf{B}$
(b) $\mathbf{A}-\mathbf{B}$
(c) $|\mathbf{A}+\mathbf{B}|$
(d) $|\mathbf{A}-\mathbf{B}|$
(e) the directions of $\mathbf{A}+\mathbf{B}$ and $\mathbf{A}-\mathbf{B}$.

5- A particle undergoes the following consecutive displacements: 3.50 m south, 8.20 m northeast, and 15.0 m west. What is the resultant displacement?

6- The helicopter view in Fig. shows two people pulling on a stubborn mule. Find
(a) the single force that is equivalent to the two forces shown,
(b) the force that a third person would have to exert on the mule to make the resultant force equal to zero. The forces are measured in units of Newton (abbreviated N).


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