## KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

Ministry of Education

Al-Imam Mohammad Ibn Saud Islamic University

College of Sciences

Department: Mathematics &

**Statistics** 



1435/1436H 2nd Semester

Course Code & Number: MAT 106

Course Title: ENG/Calculus 2

Date of Exam:: 09-07-1436H

-----Midterm 2-----

**Duration: 75 minutes** 

Question 1. (2+2 points): Determine whether two of the following series converges or diverges. For convergent series find the sum of this series.

1) 
$$\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{2}{k^2 - 1}$$

$$2) \qquad \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^k$$

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$$\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{2}{k^2 - 1}$$
, 2)  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^k$  3)  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{k^2}{k^2 + 1}$ .

Question 2. (4x2 points): Determine whether four of the following series are absolutely convergent, conditional convergent or divergent.

1) 
$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+k^2}$$
, 2)  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{k}}{k^2+1}$ , 3)  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2k}{3k+1}\right)^k$ ,

4) 
$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} \frac{\sqrt{k}}{k+1}$$
, 5)  $\sum_{k=3}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} \frac{k!}{4^k}$ .

Question 3. (2 + 2 points): Determine the interval and radius of convergence for the power series.

1) 
$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(x-2)^k}{k5^k}$$
, 2)  $\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{\ln(k)}{k} x^k$ .

$$2) \quad \sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{\ln(k)}{k} x^k.$$

## Question 4. (2+2 points):

- 1) Find parametric equations of the line segment joining the points (-2,4) and (6,1)
- 2) Find the slope of the tangent line for the curve defined by the parametric equations  $x = t \cos t$ ,  $y = t \sin t$  at  $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .